Romans: Dead or Alive

(Romans 6)

Introduction:

- 1. Paul has made a significant theological point in Chapters 1-4: Both the Jews and the Gentiles are in need of a savior. Jesus is that Savior.
- 2. Chapter 5 begins Paul's second argument: Since Jesus is the savior, you need to shape up.

I. God's Grace Abounds

- A. (Romans 5:20-6:2)
 - 1. The Hypothetical Question, "Well, if God's grace is good, shouldn't we just give God more opportunities to show his grace?
 - 2. Tied To Romans 3:8 the charge that Paul promoted sin?
- B. God's grace Triumphs over sin.
 - 1. (James 2:12-13)
- C. Should we just provide more opportunities for grace to triumph over sin?
 - 1. Of Course Not! The Christian cannot continue in sin!
 - a) (Hebrews 10:26) sinning deliberately
 - b) (James 5:19-20) The soul that wonders is dead.
 - c) (2 Peter 2:18-22) To return to sin is worse than to have not known grace!

II. You Have Died To Sin, so Live For Christ

- A. (Romans 6:3-14)
- B. Argument From Baptism:
 - 1. Baptism is likened to the Death, Burial, and resurrection of Jesus.
 - a) Jesus took on Flesh (John 1:14)
 - b) Died to sin (Romans 6:10)
 - c) Resurrected Anew (1 Corinthians 15:42-44)
 - 2. The Function of Baptism:
 - a) Baptism places one in Christ (Galatians 3:27)
 - (1) In Christ Spiritual Blessings and salvation are found (Ephesians 1:3)
 - b) Baptism is the point at which one dies to sin
 - (1) Not belief. Many who believe are not saved.
 - (a) (John 12:42-43) non-confessing believers
 - (b) (John 8:31, 44) Believing, but father the devil.
 - c) Baptism is the point at which a new life begins:
 - (1) (John 3:5-7) Born again/above
- C. Life in Christ
 - 1. We have assurance of a new life.
 - a) Spiritual both on earth and in heaven.
 - b) We are now within the domain of Christ, a domain of Grace.
 - 2. In Christ, we have escaped the dominion of Death The result of Sin beginning with Adam.

III. Slaves of Righteousness

- A. (Romans 6:15-23)
- B. The question is: To whom will you belong?
 - 1. There are only two options: Either Sin or Righteousness.
 - 2. Your Actions decide:
 - a) (Matthew 7:15-20)
 - b) Will You sin?
 - (1) Actions that separate you from God.
 - c) Will you be obedient?
 - (1) Works not of merit but of obedience.
- C. Thank God You have chosen to be righteous!
 - 1. You were once slaves to sin, but you have devoted yourselves to God.
 - a) We should be careful not to forget that these are Christians. Struggling Christians, but still Christians.
- D. Slaves of Righteousness:
 - 1. There is a degree of freedom in sin.
 - a) You live according to your own whims.
 - b) There still remains a judgment for you.
 - 2. The much better path is to be righteous.
 - a) It is difficult.
 - b) It requires work.
 - c) It results in life.

Conclusion:

1. Point One